# Camie

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product number 1000002363

Product identifier CAMIE 999 DRY SILICONE

Company information Camie-Campbell, Inc.

1005 S. Westgate Drive

Addison, IL 60101 United States

www.camie.com

Company phone General Assistance 1-800-325-9572

Emergency telephone US
Emergency telephone outside

1-866-836-8855 1-952-852-4646

US

Version # 01

Recommended use Lubricant
Recommended restrictions None known.

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye

irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open

flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor

if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Butane		106-97-8	20 - 40
Propane		74-98-6	20 - 40
Synthetic Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon		64741-66-8	20 - 40
Acetone		67-64-1	10 - 20
1,1-Difluoroethane		75-37-6	2.5 - 10
Other components below reportable lev	vels		2.5 - 10

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Ingestion

Causes serious eye irritation. Dizziness. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases. Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

US OSHA Table 7-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910 1000)

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

Components	Type	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards		
Components	Type	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmental Ex	oposure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Туре	Value	
1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)	TWA	2700 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	

#### Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposu	ure Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other

Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Skin protection

Respiratory protection

If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an

air-supplied respirator.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Odor threshold

Physical state Gas. Form

Aerosol. Color Not available. Not available. Not available.

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling

132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Odor

pΗ

Flash point -156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) propellent estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.7 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

9 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 125.27 psig @70F estimated

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 814.11 °F (434.5 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Specific gravity 0.549 estimated

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia. Smallest quantities reaching the lungs through swallowing or subsequent

vomiting may result in lung edema or pneumonia.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death. Causes serious eye irritation. Dizziness. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Skin irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or

commercial handling by trained personnel. Components **Species** Test Results 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 44 - 437500 %, 4 Hours Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Acute Dermal LD50 > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours Guinea pig > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours Rabbit > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours Inhalation LC50 Rat 55700 ppm, 3 Hours 132 mg/l, 3 Hours 50.1 mg/l Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg 2.2 ml/kg Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation LC50 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes Mouse 52 %, 120 Minutes Rat 1355 mg/l

Components Species Test Results

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes

52 %, 120 Minutes

Rat 1355 mg/l

658 mg/l/4h

Synthetic Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon (CAS 64741-66-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 1900 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 5020 mg/m3, 4 Hours

> 4980 mg/m3

> 4980 mg/m3, 4 Hours > 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 4820 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ř

Causes mild skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects. No data available to indicate product or any components present at

greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components Species Test Results

Synthetic Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon (CAS 64741-66-8)

Aquatic

Algae IC50 Algae 30000 mg/L, 72 Hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 1,1-Difluoroethane
 0.75

 Acetone
 -0.24

 Butane
 2.89

 Propane
 2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) U002

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

#### 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82
Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk None
Packaging bulk None

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

IATA

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

2.1 Label(s) Packing

Not applicable. group Environmental

hazards ERG Code No. 10L

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety Special precautions for user

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Allowed. Cargo aircraft only Packaging Exceptions LTD QTY

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1950 UN proper shipping name **AEROSOLS** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s) Packing

group Environmental

hazards

Not applicable.

LTD QTY

Not applicable.

No. Marine pollutant

Not available. **EmS** 

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety Special precautions for user

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Packaging Exceptions** Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



# 15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication US federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and

6532

Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International Inventories

Europe

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

New Zealand

New Zealand Inventory

Philippines

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Yes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

Yes

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-09-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Product Uses

First-aid measures: Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Fire-fighting measures: Specific methods

Accidental release measures: Environmental precautions Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Toxicological information: Carcinogenicity Toxicological information: Ingestion

Toxicological information: Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological

characteristics

Transport Information: Material Transportation Information

Regulatory Information: United States

**GHS: Classification** 

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).